



Noritake

■ Kuraray Noritake Dental Inc.

300 Higashiyama, Miyoshi-cho, Miyoshi, Aichi 470-0293, Japan Phone +81-561-32-8953 Fax +81-561-32-8976 http://www.kuraraynoritake.com





Comprehensive Instructions for Zirconia Solutions









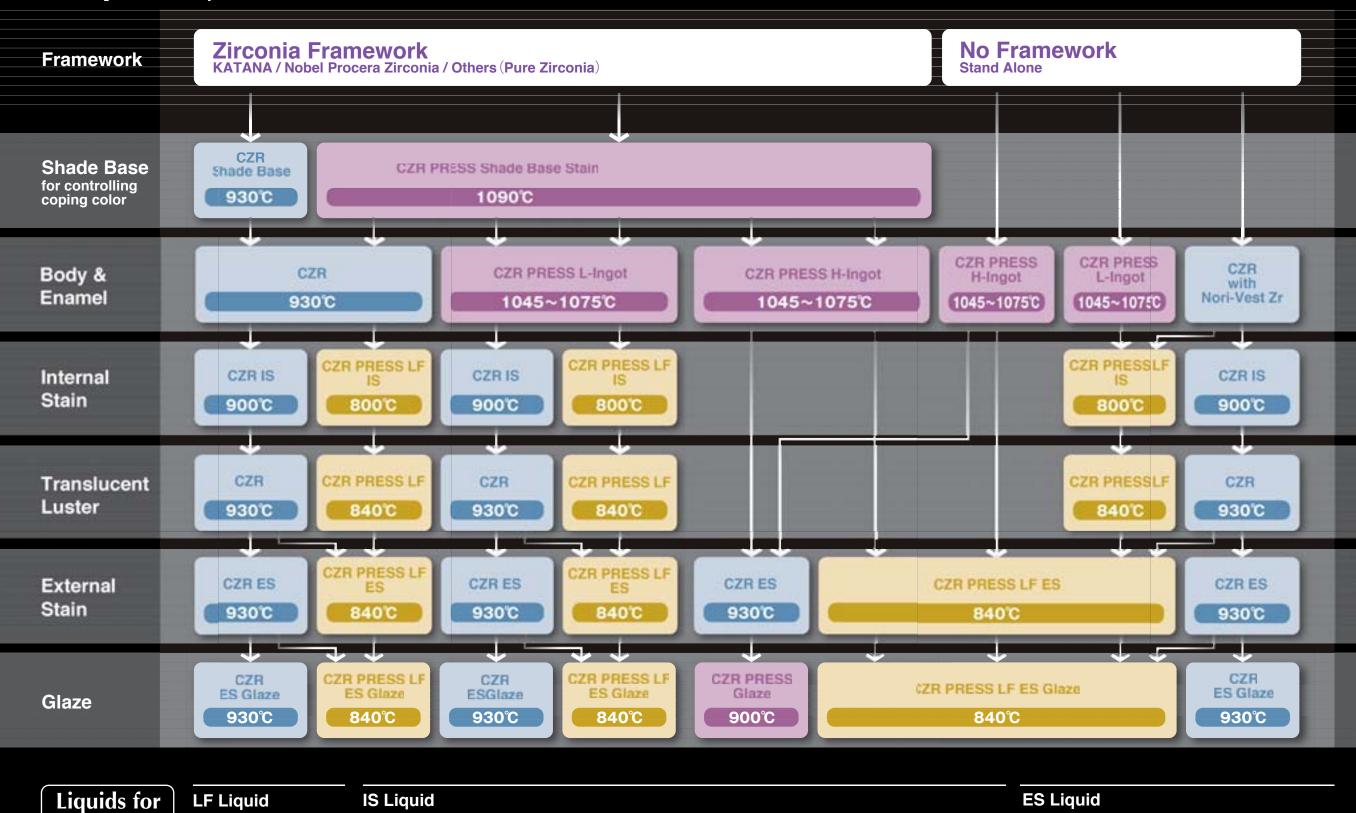
Compatibility Chart of CZR & CZR Press

CZR &

CZR Press

CZR PRESS LF

1



CZR PRESS LF

Internal Stain

Internal Stain

CZR PRESS

CZR External Stain

(incl. ES Glaze)

CZR PRESS LF

External Stain

CZR PRESS

Shade Base Stain









- Excellent compatibility and bonding with all pure zirconia substructures.
- Ideal stability with outstanding resistance to fractures and chipping.
- Prefectly matched coefficient to pure zirconia substructures
- Ease of handling.

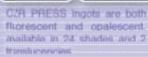
- Natural-looking cervicals are easily achieved with CZR Margin Porcelain. Eliminating the high value at the margins.
- CZR restorations layered to zirconia are indicated in both posterior and anterior regions due to high flexural strength and inherent fracture toughness..

FRABIEN PRESS









H-Ingots (High Translucency) for Stainin; Method L-Ingots (Low Translucency) for Layering Method

- Indicated for use in fabricating crowns and bridges in the anterior and posterior regions.
- Consistent precise and predictable fit with superior marginal integrity.
- Ideal for use with pure zirconia framework.
- Natural opalescence and translucency for true-to-life restorations.
- Provides an esthetically perfect balance of choroma and value.
- Ideal stability with outstanding resistance to fractures and chipping.

ERABIEN PRESS





- CZR PRESS LF is indicated for layering CZR PRESS All-ceramic inlays, onlays, veneers and full crowns, as well as CZR PRESS-to-Zirconia crowns, bridges, inlay bridges and implant restorations.
- CZR PRESS LF's lower fusing temperature (840°C) affords greater stability with repeated firings when layering CZR All-ceramic and CZR PRESS-to-Zirconia restorations.

PROVEN ZIRCONIA SOLUTIONS

CZR KATANA Zirconia Crowns & Bridges - Reliable Fit. Exceptional Esthetics. Proven Results.

Noritake Dental Supply Co., Limited sponsored a study to evaluate and compare the clinical success of single posterior porcelain-fused-to-zirconia and porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns in private practice.

Survival Analysis of PFZ(with CZR) and PFM(with EX-3) Crowns

Group	Total # Crowns	Mean Survival in Days	Probability of Survival in %
PFZ Total	1944	1583.6	98.1
PFM Total	691	1570.0	95.8

Twenty-two dentists and over two thousand patients participated. The results of the study were presented at IADR 2010 Barcelona. For complete details, visit www.noritake-dental.co.jp

Compatibility Chart of CZR & CZR PRESS	
CZR —	
Porcelain Products	
Features	
Working Procedures	
CZR PRESS	1
Porcelain Products	1
Features	1
Physical Properties	1
Working Procedures	1
CZR PRESS LF	2
Porcelain Products	2
Features	2
CZR PRESS LF Stain Products	2
Features	2
Working Procedures	2
MATERIAL —	2
Baking Schedule	2
Products	2
Color Combination Table	3
Pressing Parameters	3
Precautions for Handling	3
Notes on Safety	3



CZR (Cerabien ZR) is a porcelain specifically developed for making all ceramic crowns in use with zirconia frameworks. Crown and Bridge made from CZR with zirconia can be used in the posterior as well as anterior due to its extremely high flexural strength and excellent fracture toughness. The combination of CZR and zirconia will give you enhanced esthetics and fit with maximum strength for an overall superior restoration.

Products

Features

①Replication of the natural tooth shades

Due to Luster's exceptionally fine particle size, it can achieve the selective reflection that assures the opalescence seen in the natural tooth. Because of the consistently smaller particle size found with CZR Luster Porcelain, CZR exhibits minimal wear in the mouth, resulting in less deterioration of the opposing dentition.

- 2 Excellent compatibility and bonding with zirconia frameworks
- ③Exceptional Easy of Use
- (4) Ideal stability with outstanding resistance to fractures and chipping

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (50-500°C10-6 K-1)

CZR	9.1
Cerabien	6.8
Super Porcelain EX-3	12.4

The thermal expansion of CZR is entirely different from those of other porcelains. Therefore, mixing or using with other porcelains is not recommended.

Recommended Zirconia frameworks







5



Working Procedures

Procedure A

Please proceed with



steps in case of using colored zirconia frameworks (Katana KT11~KT18) with high translucency.

Procedure B

Please proceed with



White zirconia frameworks (KT10) covered with Shade Base Porcelain and/or Shade Base Stain (Refer to the instruction of EX-3 PRESS).

Zirconia framework trimming

Checking the framework if it is suitable to the die form. Adjusting the finishing line and the thickness in the margin area with Noritake Meister Point SC-51 or SD-61, carefully trimming them by using a diamond point under running water. After trimming, please check if there are any cracks on the zirconia framework with Noritake Crack Finder.





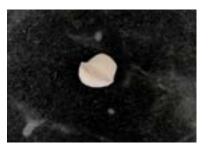
Alumina sandblasting on zirconia framework surface Create a matt-finish surface by sandblasting with 50 µm alumina sand under 29psi (<0.2MPa).





Cleaning the framework

Clean the framework ultrasonically in acetone solution for 5 minutes, to avoid contamination on the surface. After cleaning, please refrain from touching it with bare fingers.



CZR PRESS

CZR PRESS

MATERIAL

1st Opacious Body application

To increase the bonding strength between zirconia framework and CZR, apply a very thin layer of Opacious Body Porcelain mixed with Noritake Meister Liquid or Forming Liquid. For the 1st Opacious Body baking, please refer to the baking schedule, page 28.



1 > 2 > 3 > 4 > 5 > 8 ...



Apply Opacious Body in about 0.3mm thickness with considering the mamelon structure. It is recommended to bake it without other porcelain at this stage. For the 2nd Opacious Body baking, please refer to the baking schedule, page 28.



Procedure B

1 > 2 > 3 > 6 > 7 > 8 · · ·

1st Shade Base application

To increase the bonding strength between zirconia framework and CZR, apply a very thin layer of Shade Base Porcelain mixed with Noritake Meister Liquid or Forming Liquid. Using an instrument is recommended to apply porcelain easily. For the 1st Shade Base baking, please refer to the baking schedule, page 28.



2nd Shade Base Porcelain application

Apply 2nd Shade Base in about 0.2mm thickness. Repeat the same baking at the 1st Shade Base.





neck. Please refer to page 31 for its mixture ratio. Match the dimension and form of the symmetric tooth in order to recreate the shape precisely.





Cut Back

Cut Back one-third top of labial surface and the proximal area. After cut buck, please make sure if the thickness of Body Porcelain should be necessarily at least 0.8mm.





Enamel application

Apply Enamel on the incisal area. If necessary, Translucent and Luster Porcelains can be overlayerd Enamel Porcelain. Layering excess Enamel Porcelain causes the whiter shade than expected. Therefore please pay attention to layering thickness.





Body / Enamel baking

For the Body/Enamel baking, please refer to the baking schedule, page 28. If porcelain does not have a definite shininess, rebake with higher temperature.



1st and 2nd Internal Stain (IS) application

CZR IS must be used with only CZR and its application must be done after baking Body and Enamel. 1st application of IS should be in a horizontal direction. And 2nd application of IS in a vertical direction. The 1st and 2nd baking of IS should follow the baking schedule, If applying IS in a horizontal direction and a vertical direction on the surface of crown at the same time, the cross-area is blurred. Therefore, it is recommended to bake them separately.







13



Translucent and Luster Porcelain application

Translucent and Luster Porcelain should be overlayerd by approximately 10 percent bigger than a target shape allowing for their shrinkage.

14



Translucent and Luster Porcelain baking

For the Translucent/Luster baking, please refer to the baking schedule, page 28.

Morphological Correction, Glazing and Final polishing

Noritake Meister Point and Meister Cones are recommended for the morphological correction. After the morphological correction, please make a next steps to steam cleaning and self glaze baking. For final polish, using Noritake Pearl Surface is recommended. Due to the translucency of the zirconia framework, it can be fabricated an All-ceramic crown which is more closely to natural dentition than porcelain fused to metal crown.







16

Completion



Layering

Luster / Translucent

Enamel

Body

Opacious Body

Shade Base

Zirconia Framework

Using Margin Porcelain

For adjusting margin area of zirconia framework

①Magic Separator application

Apply Noritake Magic Separator to the margin area of the die in order to avoid of adhering Margin Porcelain to the die.

2 Margin Porcelain application

Apply the adequate amount of mixture of Margin Porcelain with Noritake Magic Former to the gingival part. If Margin Porcelain is too thick, this area tends to look artificial. Apply the Margin Porcelain in a triangular structure.

3 Baking of Margin Porcelain

Follow the baking schedule on page 28. If additional Margin Porcelain is required, bake again according to schedule.

For adjusting margin area after glazing

In case of adjusting margin area after glazing, Margin Repair Porcelain (MRP) should be used.

①MRP application

Before setting a crown on the die, layer MRP slightly to the margin area of the restoration.

②Remove the Excess MRP

After re-seating the restoration on the die, remove the excess MRP with a brush and take the crown from the die carefully. Then, bake it according to the baking schedule.

3Morphological Correction

Polish the rough surface at the margin with silicone point such as Meister Point (SF-41).



CZR PRESS is an innovative breakthrough in ceramic nano-technology which consists of the marriage of two time-proven technologies, oxide ceramics and pressable ceramics. This synergy combines the strength, fracture toughness and cementability of pure zirconium oxide copings with the marginal integrity, versatility and beauty of pressable ceramics. Add opalescence and fluorescence to the ingot and the result ...simply imPRESSive!

Products

Features

- ①CZR PRESS can be used with pure zirconia framework.
- ②Unlike traditional metal frameworks, Zirconia frameworks used in CZR PRESS facilitate light transmission into the root and papillae area, thus creating a natural, vital-looking smile.
- ③CZR PRESS offers 24 shades of fluorescent ingots, each in 2 translucencies:

 H-Ingot for use when utilizing the "Staining Method" & "LF Layering Method"

 L-Ingot for use when utilizing the "Layering Method" & "LF Layering Method"

 EW-Ingot(4 whitening shades) for creating whiter shades than the conventional bleach shades.
- 4 CZR PRESS features a "never before seen" opalescent quality which exhibits an exceptional vitality and luster similar to nature.
- ⑤CZR PRESS may be used for single unit All-ceramic restorations without frameworks.
- ⑥Noritake CZR layering porcelain perfectly compliments CZR PRESS L-Ingot to provide unsurpassed esthetic results.
- Noritake CZR PRESS LF porcelain can be used for single unit restorations without frameworks after pressing.
- **®CZR PRESS** may be pressed in any conventional press furnace.

Physical Properties

Ceramic Ingots

Flexural Strength (MPa)	92.7
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (50-500°C 10-6K-1)	10.1
Transformation Temperature (°C)	615





Beautiful Opalescent of CZR PRESS Ingot. (Photo by Mr. Brian Lindke)

CZR PRESS with the zirconia framework





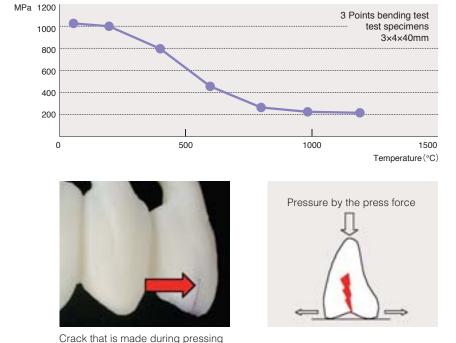


1)Zirconia materials for CZR PRESS

The most popular dental zirconia materials available on the market are the "3YTZP" type. This is made by including a minute amount of Yttoria(Y₂O₃) into solid-soluted Zirconia(ZrO₂) and it is called partial stabilized zirconia. As feature of zirconia, it has a high-strength in a room temperature but low-strength in a high-temperature such as 1000°C and its strength will return to the original high-strength when it is cooled to the room temperature. The graph below shows the relationship between its strength and temperatures. Pressable ceramic ingots are pressed at a high temperature on a zirconia frameworks. If the framework design is not proper, zirconia framework may crack when ingots are pressed. Therefore, framework design is one of very important issues.

11



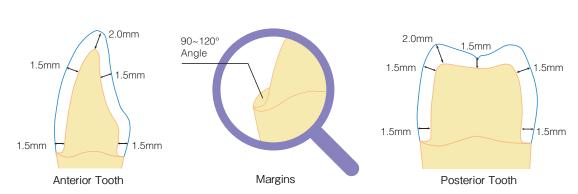


2 Preparation guidelines and framework design:

To ensure a strong and esthetic restoration, please follow the guideline:

- 1 The basic preparation is to allow the pressed ceramic to cover a 360 degrees shoulder with rounded edge or chamfer.
- 2The thickness of the zirconia framework should be at least 0.4 mm.
- 3The thickness of the connectors of the zirconia bridge, please follow the manufacturer's instruction.





Framework Design

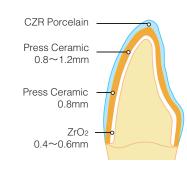
1 Single Crowns:

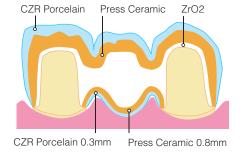
Maintain **0.8mm** Thickness of pressed ceramic in all areas.

2Bridges:

Maintain 0.8mm Thickness of pressed ceramic on abutments, embrasures, pontic tissue area and at the papillae.

12





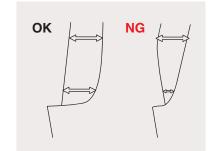
Note

This technique is not suited to a severely discolored tooth.

3 Trimming of the zirconia framework

The thickness of zirconia framework in all area should be 0.4mm at least to obtain a successful CZR pressing. And at this stage, please weigh the framework and record it. This weight information may be utilized later as a reference to determine how many ingots are used for pressing.





Ideal margin design

Knife edge margin is not recommended.

Note

- ①Secure more than 0.4mm thickness in all area of the zirconia framework. In case of less than 0.4mm, cracks may be happened.
- ②The thickness of Margin area should also be 0.4mm at least. (Refer to the upper right illustration) So, such shoulder as Knife-edge is not acceptable.
- 3The margin line should be smooth.



Correct smoothed margin line



Serrated margin line is should be corrected.

When grinding zirconia framework, it is recommended to use burs/discs with minute diamond particles such as Noritake Meister Points SC-51 and SD-61. If using tools with rough diamond particles, it may cause sharp scratch on the surface and/or cracks into the framework. In addition, cooling the framework with water is necessary to avoid heat generation caused during grinding.



Meister Points SC-51 and SD-61



4 Checking of cracks in zirconia framework

In order to check if there are any cracks in the zirconia framework after grinding, apply Noritake Crack Finder all over the inside and the outside of zirconia framework and one minute later, rinse it with water to wipe off the extra liquid on the suaface. If there are cracks, the liquid penetrates into the cracks, and make it easy to find them.

Note

Never use the cracked zirconia framework

However small a crack is in a framework, please do not use such cracked framework. Because, a tiny crack can become bigger and wider during pressing and the strength of the framework can be lowered.

5 Alumina Sandblasting of zirconia framework surface

Create a matt-finish surface by sandblasting with 50µm alumina at 2 bars pressure.

6 Cleaning of the zirconia framework

Clean the framework ultrasonically for 5 minutes in an acetone solution to remove residual zirconia dust and other debris.

1st Shade Base Stain application

The differences between CZR Shade Base Porcelain and CZR PRESS Shade Base Stain

		CZR Shade Base Porcelain	CZR PRESS Shade Base Stain
Daling town and we	1st.	930°C (1,706°F)	1090°C(1,994°F)
Baking temperature	2nd.	930°C (1,706°F)	1080°C(1,976°F)
Grain size	,	25μm	4µm
Duild up thiskness	1st.	0.2mm	0.15mm
Build-up thickness	2nd.	0.2mm	0.15mm
Combination with CZR Porc	elain	Good	Good
Combination with CZR PRE	SS	Not acceptable	Good
Recommended Liquid		Meister Liquid	IS Liquid







Shade Base Stain Color Guide

Application of the Shade Base Stain

Mix the shade base stain with <u>IS Liquid</u>. The viscosity of the mixture should be like "Maple Syrup", so that the mixture does not slip down from the framework or puddle at the margins. Apply the mixture evenly and thinly, covering the zirconia framework in 0.15mm thickness, which is slightly thicker than conventional external stain. Shade Base Stain is a necessary step to produce the basic one for color. For the 1st Shade Base Stain baking, please refer to the baking schedule, page 28.

Note

IS Liquid should never be mixed with water. If mixed, the color will not be clear and the applied mixture will detach from the zirconia framework during drying process. The application brush should be cleaned with IS Liquid only. Never use water for cleaning.

82nd Shade Base Stain application

Apply the Shade Base Stain again in a thickness of about 0.15 mm. To produce an even basic color, be sure to perform the 2nd application and baking. For the 2nd Shade Base Stain baking, please refer to the baking schedule, page 28. Also refer to the Shade Base Stain Color Guide for checking the shades. If applied too thinly, the shade will be low in chroma. If applied too thickly, the shade will be high in chroma.



After baking of the Shade Base Stain



Thin Application of Shade Base Stain



Thick Application of Shade Base Stain

9Wax-up

1 Layering Method

The 90% size of restored crown should be formed with wax-up. Margin area should be formed with wax-up as well. But, forming of mamelon structure is not necessary at this wax-up stage. Mamelon structure will be formed after pressing ingot.

Before pressing, please make sure of the sufficient thickness of wax for the pressed ceramic. Please refer to the picture on page 12.

2Stain Method

Almost 100% full-contour of restored crown should be formed with wax-up. Margin area should be formed with wax-up as well.

Note

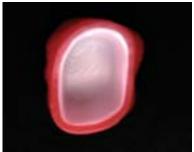
Do not make sharp angles or deep under cuts. After wax-up, check if there is any wax left inside of the framework. If there is, carefully wipe off the wax. Also, confirm that there is no space between the If there is, wax and the margin line of die model fill in the space with wax.







Wax-up for "Staining Method"



Wax thickness at the shoulder

®Spruing, attaching to the pedestal base and ring preparation

Use 8 gauge (3.3mm diameter) and 2~3mm long sprues. Attach sprues to wax patterns and position it on pedestal base to facilitate a smooth flow of the pressable ceramic. If some parts of the wax pattern are thin, pressable materials may not reach those areas during pressing. So, more than one sprue may be used.

OSingle crowns:

For larger posterior teeth, position one sprue on convexity area, closer to the proximal wall so that pressed ceramic may flow smoothly. Spruing in this way preserves delicate wax contours and little morphological correction is needed. (See(A), page 17).

2Bridges:

Place each sprue on each abutment and each pontic. Make the sprue as short as possible: approximately 2~3 mm in length (See®), page 17).







After attaching sprues, weigh the waxed restoration and then deduct the weight of the zirconia framework recorded previously to find the net wax weight which is a guideline to determine later how many ingot to use. When attaching wax pattern to the pedestal base, place wax pattern where it should be apart by 8mm from the inner wall of the ring and by 10mm from the top-leveling cap. When attaching more than 2 wax patterns, the distance between each wax pattern should be 5mm at least. The ideal angle for attaching wax pattern to the pedestal base is 30~60 degree.(fig.1) When attaching wax patterns in different size to the same pedestal base, those margins should be at the same height. (Fig.2) Then, spray dry Teflon r-Silicone to the inside of the ring, ring-gauge(leveling cap) and ring former (pedestal base) of Noritake Ring Former to prevent investment from sticking to their surfaces.

	Correct spruing	Wrong spruing						
Fig.1	30-60°	90°						
. 19.1								
Fig.2	Horizontal Plane							

11Investing

Referring to manufacturer's instructions, prepare for press investment. Then, mix the investment mechanically for 1 minute under vacuum and fill the investment in the ring without producing any bubbles.







Mix with Vacuum

Mixer Investing

Bench set 1/2 hour

12 Preparation before burn-out

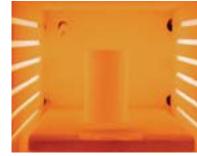
After investing, the ring should leave as it is at room temperature until the investment is concreted for around a half hour. And, remove the concreted investment from the ring former and ring gauge and cut the investment button created by the leveling cap with a dry knife. Before baking, make sure if the angle of ring top & bottom surfaces and the side should be 90 degrees.







Carefully level the ring so that the top and bottom are perpendicular to the sides of the ring.



Burn-out

®Burn-out of investment ring

Preheat the burn-out furnace to 850°C(1562°F). Place the investment ring in the center of the furnace. Preheating of the ceramic ingot and the plunger is not required.

Do not burn-out press rings with other rings (e.g. soldering models, casting ring, etc)

14 Selection of CZR PRESS ingots

Select ingots dependent upon the method. For the Layering method, select L-Ingot with low transparency and for the Stain method, select H-Ingot with higher transparency.

(5) Inserting ingot and plunger

One piece of ingot is to create up to two crowns and two pieces of ingots are to create three or more crowns, however, if the wax pattern(s) weight is 0.6g or less, use one piece of ingot and if the weight is between 0.7g and 1.4g, use two pieces of ingots. Pay special attention not to insert any foreign debris or not to adhere anything to the ingots or to the plunger. In addition, the plunger should be inserted into the pressing canal vertically.



Insertion of the Ingots



Insertion of the plunger

Relation of Wax Weight and Number of Ingot

Wa	x Weight	Number of 2g ingots
0.6	ng or less	1
0.7g	up to 1.4g	2

16 Pressing in the press furnace

Insert the ingots and press plunger into the ring, then place the ring on the center of pressing platform. The pressing schedule may differ depending upon the press furnace manufacturer. Adjust the schedule so as that pressing will stop once the ceramic is fully pressed into the cavity. Excessive press time may cause various problems including split rings, porosity, value shift and brittle or fractured restorations. Follow the pressing schedule according to the pages 33~35. After pressing, immediately remove the investment ring from the furnace and cool it down at room temperature until the ring is cool enough to be held.



Pressing cycle completed

Mark the top position of the plunger, and cut the investment ring with a separating disk. Separate the ring with a plaster nipper. Be careful not to damage the plunger. When removing the ceramic attached to the plunger, use with alumina sand blaster.



Marking the top position of the plunger



Section with a separating disk



Final removal with a plaster nipper

18 Divesting

Carefully divest the ring to avoid breaking the pressed ceramic. At first, remove the bulk of the investment material using sand blaster with 50µm alumina sands at a pressure of 58~87psi (0.4MPa~0.6MPa). Once the pressed ceramic is exposed, lower the sandblasting pressure to less than 29psi (0.2MPa) and continue alumina sandblasting carefully so as not to chip the thin areas such as the margins or incisal edge. Glass beads are recommended for the thin areas such as the margin and the incisal edge. When divesting patterns, the direction of sandblasting spray should be parallel to the long axis of each crown.



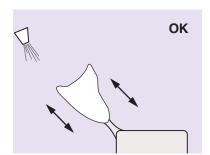
Roughly remove the investment



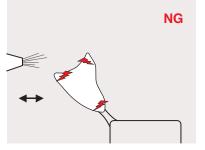
Exposing the pressed ceramic



After completion



Correct sandblasting



Wrong sandblasting

When divesting the pressed ceramic, blast from the direction indicated in the drawings on the left.

9Cutting off the sprue



Sprue separation

Using a diamond disk for sprue separation, 1st score a line around the sprue, at 2mm from the crown, then carefully cut through the sprue at low speed. In this way, even if the cracks are founded in the sprue, they will not spread into the crown. Next, eliminate the remaining sprue-button on the crown with a diamond point. During this process, do not generate excessive heat. Noritake Meister Points are recommended for sprue cutting and morphological correction of the crown.

20 Morphological correction of pressed ceramic

Place the pressed restoration on the model and check the fit at the margin under magnification.

The depends on which technique is chosen: For the "Layering Method", create the mamelon structure with Noritake Meister Points. Special care should be taken to maintain a minimum thickness of entire pressed restoration no less than 0.8mm. For the "Staining Method", refine the surface and delicately. After the contours have been finalized, smooth the surface of the pressed ceramic by sandblasting with 50µm alumina at 2 bars pressure.



"Layering Method"
Pressed ceramic prior to cut-back



"Layering Method"
Cut-back to create mamelon structure



"Staining Method"
After morphological correction

21 Cleaning

Clean the pressed ceramic for 5 minutes in an acetone solution using an ultrasonic cleaner.

Layering Method

L1. Build-up and baking of CZR Porcelain

Build-up CZR Enamel and Translucent over the pressed ceramic. The pressed ceramic will not "self-glaze" at the glaze temperature of CZR Porcelain, so be sure to cover the entire surface of the pressed ceramic with CZR Porcelain. The baking schedule for layering porcelain is the same as for CZR Porcelain. Refer to CZR baking schedule at page 28. If creating characterizing or adjusting chroma-up, apply CZR Internal Stain on the pressed ceramic and bake it before building-up Enamel, Translucent and Luster Porcelains.

Note

Refer to page 5~9 for the build-up techniques for CZR Porcelain.



Completed crown after glaze bake

L2. Morphological correction

After baking the layering porcelains, perform morphological correction as usual. When additional layering porcelains are required, apply the porcelains again and follow the baking schedule of CZR.

L3. Stain and glaze

If putting characterizations or glazing are required, apply the CZR External Stain (ES) or Glaze power and bake them. Refer to the baking schedule at page 28.

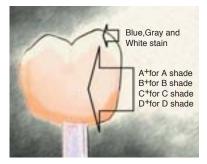
Stain Method

S1. Application and baking of CZR ES

Mix CZR ES with ES Liquid. The viscosity of the mixture is the same as ordinary stains. If too much liquid is used, since the stain will move easily after application, a certain viscosity is necessary. For creating A shades, apply ES stain A⁺ over the area except the incisal edge or occlusal surface, apply ES stains such as Blue, Gray and White. When creating characterization with more than two ES, it is recommended not to bake simultaneously.



Application of ES



Example of ES



After ES baking

S2. 1st Glazing with CZR PRESS Glaze Powder

Mix CZR PRESS Glaze Powder with <u>IS Liquid</u> to create a "cold honey-like" glaze paste. Do not wet the surface of the restoration with IS Liquid prior to glaze-application, otherwise, application is not even on entire surface of the crown. For even-application, its thickness should be 0.2mm. After check if the entire surface is covered with glaze, please bake it refer to the baking schedule, page 28.





After dry out

After 1st glazing

S3. Adjusting the contact area and Morphological Correction

Using a rubber wheel such as the Meister Point SF-41, adjust the contact area of glaze layer. If necessary, make morphological correction. Finally, clean the restoration for 5 minutes in an aceton solution using an ultrasonic cleaner.



Adjusting the contact area

S4. 2nd Glazing and Completion

If applying diluted glaze mixture on the crown and bake it, the baked crown surface are variation in brightness because the mixture is running down during baking. In case of this, apply the glaze again and bake it.



Completed crown after second glaze baking

Completion



Noritake CZR PRESS LF is low fusing porcelain to build up an enamel layer after pressing CZR PRESS ingot. By using this porcelain with CZR Press ingot and without a zirconia framework, you can make an anterior single crown, a porcelain laminate veneer, an inlay and an onlay.

Products — LF Porcelain

Features

- ①CZR PRESS LF has an excellent match in CTE with CZR PRESS ingot.
- ②CZR PRESS LF enables you to create All-ceramic restoration without a zirconia framework.
- ③CZR PRESS LF has a sufficient strength in oral.
- (4) A wide variety of shades including aesthetic shades are available.
- ⑤ An ideal opalescence has been realized in Luster Porcelain.
- **©CZR PRESS LF can also be used for correcting shades of CZR pressed ceramic and CZR Porcelain.**

Products — LF Stains

Features

1)Outstanding Resistance to Bubbles

CZR PRESS LF IS is specially formulated to have a similar coefficient of thermal expansion to CZR pressed ceramic and CZR PRESS LF Porcelain. CZR PRESS LF IS has outstanding resistance to bubbling and fractures. CZR PRESS LF ES has minimal risk of separation even after long term intraoral function.

②Assortment of shades

The shades were line-uped after server check for replicating colors shown in natural teeth. Accurate color reproduction can be easily done by applying those stains.

3 Easy Reproduction of shades

By applying internal stains, characterization and chroma-up on the crown can be realized like painting a picture.

4 Controlling Reflectivity

By applying stain on the CZR pressed ceramic, excessive reflectivity can be easily controlle.

①Wax- up

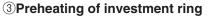
In case a zirconia framework is not used, directly wax-up to the dentin shape with about 90% size of a targeted restoration. Do not make a mamelon structure. The thickness in the margin area should be more than 1.0mm in order to avoid chipping.

★Refer to page 16

2Spruing and investing

Perform Spruing and investing.

★Refer to pages 16~18



After half an hour from investing, place the investment ring into the preheated burn-out furnace at 850°C(1,562°F) and hold for an hour.

★Refer to page 18

4 Pressing of CZR PRESS Ingot

Place the investment ring with the inserted ceramic ingot in the PRESS Furnace and heat-press at the specified temperature.

★Refer to pages 33~35

5 Divesting and sprue-cutting

Carefully devest the ring to avoid breaking the pressed ceramic. Using a diamond disk for sprue separation.

★Refer to page 20



6 Morphological correction of pressed ceramic

Securing enough space for the Enamel, Translucent (Luster) Porcelains that are built-up later. Before layering those porcelains, adjust the thickness of labial surface and make the mamelon structure.



7 Alumina sandblasting

Blow Alumina sandblasting all over the surface of the pressed ceramic at the pressure of 0.2MPa (29psi).

®Cleaning

Clean the pressed ceramic for 5 minutes in acetone with an ultrasonic cleaner or steam cleaner.

Note

This is a low fusing porcelain. In case any fiber such as tissue paper remains after baking, it should be removed.



9LF Enamel application

Apply LF Enamel on the incisal area. If necessary, LF Translucent and LF Luster Porcelain can be overlayerd LF Enamel. Therefore please pay attention to layering thickness.



①LF Internal Stain(LF IS) application(if necessary)

When ever using IS, mix it with Noritake IS Liquid. 1st application of LF IS should be in a horizontal direction. And 2nd application of LF IS in a vertical direction. If apply LF IS in a horizontal direction and a vertical direction on the surface of crown at the same time, the cross-area is blurred. Therefore, it is recomended to bake them separately.



11) LF Translucent and LF Luster Porcelain application

LF Translucent and LF Luster Porcelain should be overlayerd by approximately 10 percent bigger than a target shape allowing for their shrinkage. Please bake at the designate temperature in the baking schedule, page



12 Baking

Bake the built up crown according to the baking schedule, page 28.





13 Morphological Correction

Noritake Meister Point and Meister Cones are recommended for the morphological correction.

14Cleaning

Clean the restoration for 5 minutes in acetone with an ultrasonic cleaner.

(5LF External Stain (LF ES) application and Glaze baking

- **A** In case of layering on the entire surface of the crown. (CZR pressed ceramic can not be seen.)
- **B** In case of layering on the surface of the crown partially. (CZR pressed ceramic can be seen partially.)

Stain and Glaze / Method for /

Bake the crown according to baking schedule, page 28. If necessary, Mix the LF Glaze Powder or LF ES with ES Liquid. Its viscosity is the same as ordinary stains. Then apply and bake it.

Stain and Glaze Method for

B1. Application of Stain and Baking

Mix LF ES with Noritake ES Liquid. If too much liquid is used, the stain will move after the application. Apply the mixture over the surface of the restoration for the final shades. Then, bake it according to the baking schedule, page 28. This procedure is not required in the clinical cases which stain is not needed. Please proceed to the next step B2.

B2. Glaze Baking

Mix LF Glaze Powder with ES Liquid to create a "honey-like" glaze paste. Do not wet the surface of the restoration with ES Liquid prior to glaze application. Otherwise, application is not even on entire surface of the crown. After mixing, apply glaze thinly on the surface is covered with glaze, bake it in accordance with the baking schedule. In case of making more glossy on the surface where CZR PRESS LF is not baked, apply glaze again and bake.



16Completion

Baking Schedule



	Dry-Out Time		ow erature		Start Vacuum		Heat Rate		n Release Vacuum		Hold Time with vacuum in the air		High Temperature		Cool Time
	min.	°C	°F	°C	°F	°C/min.	.°F/min.	kPa	°C	°F		min.	°C	°F	min.
Margin porcelain 1 st and 2 nd	5	600	1112	600	1112	50	90	96**1	1000	1832	1	1	1000	1832	4
Shade Base Porcelain 1 st and 2 nd	5	600	1112	600	1112	45	81	96**1	930	1706	-	1	930	1706	4
Shade Base Stain 1st (CZR Press)	5	700	1292	700	1292	65	117	96**2	1090	1994	-	1	1090	1994	4
Shade Base Stain 2 nd (CZR Press)	5	700	1292	700	1292	65	117	96**1	1080	1976	-	1	1080	1976	4
Body / Enamel / Translucent	7~10	600	1112	600	1112	45	81	96	930~ 940	1706~ 1724	-	1	930~ 940	1706~ 1724	4
Internal Stain 1st and 2nd	5	600	1112	ı	-	50	90	0	-	-	-	-	900	1652	4
Minor Adjustment	7	600	1112	600	1112	45	81	96	930	1706	-	0.5	930	1706	4
Self Glaze	5	600	1112	ı	-	50	90	0	-	-	-	0.5	930	1706	4
Glazing Powder and External Stain	5	600	1112	1	-	50	90	0	-	-	-	-	930	1706	4
MRP and AD-T/AD-B	5	600	1112	ı	-	45	81	0	-	-	-	-	880	1616	4



	Dry-Out Time			Start Vacuum		Heat Rate		Vacuum Level	Release Vacuum				Hold Time in the air			Cool Time
	min.	°C	°F	°C	°F	°C/min.	.°F/min.	kPa	°C	°F	min.	°C	°F	min.		
Shade Base Stain 1st	5	700	1292	700	1292	65	117	96**1	1090	1994	1	1090	1994	4		
Shade Base Stain 2 nd	5	700	1292	700	1292	65	117	96**1	1080	1976	1	1080	1976	4		
ES stain (Staining Method)	5	600	1112	600	1112	50	90	87**2	850	1562	-	850	1562	4		
CZR Press Glaze 1 st and 2 nd	5	600	1112	600	1112	65	117	96**1	850	1562	1	900	1652	4		

CERMBIEN PRESS LF

	Dry-Out Time		ow erature		Start Vacuum		Heat Rate		n Release Vacuum				gh erature	Cool Time	
	min.	°C	°F	°C	°F	°C/min.	.°F/min.	kPa	°C	°F	min.	°C	°F	min.	l
Internal Stain 1st and 2nd	5	600	1112	ı	-	45	81	-	-	-	-	800	1472	4	_
LF Porcelain 1st and 2nd	7	600	1112	600	1112	45	81	96 **1	840	1544	1	840	1544	4	
Self Glaze and External Stain	5	600	1112	ı	-	45	81	-	-	-	1	840	1544	4	_
Glaze with Glazing Powder	5	600	1112	600	1112	45	81	96 **1	800	1472	1	840	1544	4	
AD-T / AD-B	5	500	932	500	932	45	81	96 **1	750	1382	1	750	1382	4	

Note The above program is only a guideline. Baking Temperature may be varied with the peculiarities of different furnace.

*1. 96kPa=72cmHg(29inchesHg) *2. 87kPa=65cmHg(26inchesHg)

Products

CERABI F R

	10 g	50 g	200 g											
Shade				SBA ₁	SBA ₂	SBA ₃	SBA _{3.5}	SBA ₄	SBB ₁	SBB ₂	SBB3	SBB4	SBC ₁	SBC ₂
Base				SBC3	SBC4	SBD ₂	SBD₃	SBD4	SBNW ₀	SBNW _{0.5}	SBNP _{1.5}	SBNP2.5	SBWhite	
Margin				MA ₁	MA ₂	МАз	MA3.5	MA ₄	MB ₂	МВз	MB4	MC2	MC4	MDз
Margin				MD4	MNWo	MNW _{0.5}	MNP1.5	MNP2.5	M Clear	M Orange	M Peach	MDL	MRP	
Opacious				OBA ₁	OBA ₂	ОВАз	ОВАз.5	OBA4	OBB ₁	OBB ₂	OBB3	OBB4	OBC ₁	OBC ₂
Body				OBC3	OBC4	OBD ₂	OBD3	OBD4	OBNP1.5	OBNP2.5	OB Pale Pink	OB White	OB Orange	OB Enamel
				A ₁ B	A ₂ B	АзВ	Аз.5В	A4B	B ₁ B	B ₂ B	B ₃ B	B4B	C ₁ B	C ₂ B
Body	•			СзВ	C4B	D2B	DзB	D4B	NW₀B	NW0.5B	NP1.5B	NP2.5B	EWooB	EWoB
				EWB	EWYB									
Cervical		•		CV-1	CV-2	CV-3	CV-4	CCV-1	CCV-2	CCV-3	CCV-4			
Enamel		•		E ₁	E2	Ез	SilkyE ₁	SilkyE2						
Translucent		•		Tx	То	T ₁	T ₂							
Luator				LTo	LT1	T Bule	Aqua Blue1	Aqua Blue2	LT Natural	LT Super Gray	Creamy Enamel	Sun Bright	Incisal Aureola	Creamy White
Luster				LT Yellow	ELT ₁	ELT2	ELT3							
Modifier				White	Gray	Blue	Yellow	Light Orange	Orange	Brown	Pink	Dark Pink	Coral Pink	Mamelon 1
Modifier				Mamelon 2	Green									
Add-on				AD-T	AD-B									
Tissue				Tissue 1	Tissue 2	Tissue 3	Tissue 4	Tissue 5	Tissue 6	Tissue 7				
		20		A+	B+	C+	D+	Gray	Black	Blue	Green 1	Green 2	Yellow	Orange 1
External Stain		3g		Orange 2	Cervical 1	Cervical 2	Cervical 3	Earth Brown	Reddish Brown	Pure White	Pink	Salmon Pink	Red	
	10)g、3	0g	Glaze										
Internal		2~		A+	B+	C+	D+	Incisal Blue 1	Incisal Blue 2	Mamelon Orange 1	Mamelon Orange 2	Reddish Brown	Earth Brown	Cervical 1
Stain		3g		Cervical 2	Cervical 3	White	Red	Salmon Pink	Gray	Bright	Fluoro			

Forming Liquid100	ml
Meister Liquid ······ 100	ml
ES Liquid ····· 10	ml
IS Liquid ····· 10	ml



	2g	5g											
Shade Base	6	a	SS A ₁	SS A ₂	SS A ₃	SS A _{3.5}	SS A ₄	SS B ₁	SS B ₂	SS B ₃	SS B ₄	SS C ₁	SS C2
Stain			SS C₃	SS C4	SS D2	SS D3	SS D4	SS NP1.5	SS NP2.5	SS NWo	SS NW0.5	SS White	
Shade Base Stain Modifier	3	g	A+	B+	C+	D+	Cervical Orange	Incisal Blue1	Incisal Blue2	Gray	Salmon Pink	Earth Brown	Fluoro
Press Ingots			L A ₁	L A2	L A ₃	L A3.5	L A4	L B ₁	L B2	L B ₃	L B4	L C1	L C2
Low Translucency 5 Ingots per pkg			L C3	L C4	L D2	L D3	L D4	L NWo	L NW0.5	L NP1.5	L NP2.5		
Press Ingots			H A ₁	H A2	Н Аз	H A3.5	H A4	H B ₁	H B2	Н Вз	H B4	H C1	H C2
High Translucency 5 Ingots per pkg			Н Сз	H C4	H D2	H D3	H D4	H NWo	H NW0.5	H NP1.5	H NP2.5		
Press Ingots 5 Ingots per pkg			EWoo	EWo	EW	EWY							

CZR PRESS Glaze ······	10g
Crack Finder	20ml×2 per pkg.
Ring(Flexible rubber for mold)	100g,200g,300g type
Ring Former (with Ring gauge)	100g,200g,300g type
Plunger (Alumina Oxide)	3 pieces per pkg.

■Dispo Plunger / 2G(for 2g ingots) ····· 50 pieces per pkg. 5G(for 5g ingots) ····· 50 pieces per pkg.

CERABILA PRESS LF

	10 g	50 g	200 g											
LF H Body & EW Body				EW₀B	EWB	EWYB	H A ₁ B	Н АзВ	H A ₄ B	H B ₂ B	H C ₂ B	H D ₂ B	H NW ₀ B	
LF Enamel				E1	E2	E3	Silky E ₁	Silky E ₂						
Margin Retouching				MRP										
LF Clear Cervical				CCV-1	CCV-2	CCV-3	CCV-4							
LF Translucent				Tx	То	T ₁	T2							
LF Luster				LT ₀	LT1	T Bule	Aqua Blue1	Aqua Blue2	LT Natural	LT Super Gray	Creamy Enamel	Sun Bright	Incisal Aureola	Creamy White
Li Lustei				LT Yellow	ELT ₁	ELT2	ELT3							
LF Mamelon				Mamelon 1	Mamelon 2									
Add-on				AD-T	AD-B									
LF Tissue				Tissue 1	Tissue 2	Tissue 3	Tissue 4	Tissue 5	Tissue 6	Tissue 7				
		2~		A+	B+	C+	D+	Gray	Black	Blue	Green 1	Green 2	Yellow	Orange 1
LF External Stain		3g		Orange 2	Cervical 1	Cervical 2	Cervical 3	Earth Brown	Reddish Brown	Pure White	Pink	Salmon Pink	Red	
Otall	10	g, 3	0g	Glaze										
LF		20		A+	B+	C+	D+	Incisal Blue 1	Incisal Blue 2	Mamelon Orange 1	Mamelon Orange 2	Reddish Brown	Earth Brown	Cervical 1
Internal Stain		3g		Cervical 2	Cervical 3	White	Red	Salmon Pink	Gray	Bright	Fluoro			

Color Combination Table



Layering Method									
	A1	A2	Аз	A3.5	A4	B ₁	B2	Вз	B4
Shade Base (Shade Base Stain)	SBA ₁ (SSA ₁)	SBA ₂ (SSA ₂)	SBA3 (SSA3)	SBA _{3.5} (SSA _{3.5})	SBA ₄ (SSA ₄)	SBB ₁ (SSB ₁)	SBB2 (SSB2)	SBB3 (SSB3)	SBB4 (SSB4)
Margin	MA ₁	MA ₂	МАз	MA3.5	MA ₄	MB ₁ **1	MB ₂	МВз	MB4
Opacious Body	OBA ₁	OBA2	OBA3	OBA3.5	OBA4	OBB ₁ **1	OBB2	OBB3	OBB4
Body	A ₁ B	A ₂ B	АзВ	A3.5B	A ₄ B	B ₁ B	B ₂ B	ВзВ	B ₄ B
Cervical	-	CV-1	CV-1 **3	CV-1 **3	CV-1 **4	-	CV-2 **3	CV-2 **4	CV-2
Enamel	E ₂	E ₂	E3	E3	Ез	E ₁	E ₂	E3	Ез
Translucent (Luster)					T1 (LT1)				
	C ₁	C2	Сз	C4	D2	Dз	D4		
Shade Base (Shade Base Stain)	SBC ₁ (SSC ₁)	SBC ₂ (SSC ₂)	SBC3 (SSC3)	SBC ₄ (SSC ₄)	SBD ₂ (SSD ₂)	SBD3 (SSD3)	SBD4 (SSD4)		
Margin	MC ₁ **1	MC ₂	MC3 **1	MC ₄	MD2 **1	MDз	MD4		
Opacious Body	OBC ₁ **1	OBC ₂	OBC3 **1	OBC ₄	OBD ₂	OBD3	OBD4		
Body	C ₁ B	C ₂ B	СзВ	C ₄ B	D ₂ B	DзB	D ₄ B		
Cervical	-	CV-3 **3	CV-3 **4	CV-3	CV-4 **3	CV-4 **4	CV-4		
Enamel	E2	E3	E3	E3	E ₂	Ез	Ез		
Translucent (Luster)				T1 (LT1)				=	
	NP1.5	NP2.5	NWo	NW0.5	EW00	EWo	EW	EWY	
Shade Base (Shade Base Stain)	SBNP _{1.5} (SSNP _{1.5})	SBNP _{2.5} (SSNP _{2.5})	SBNW ₀ (SSNW ₀)	SBNW _{0.5} (SSNW _{0.5})	SBWhite (SSWhite)	SBWhite (SSWhite)	SBWhite (SSWhite)	SBB ₁ (SSB ₁)	
Margin	MNP1.5	MNP _{2.5}	MNW ₀	MNW _{0.5}	MDL	MDL	MNW ₀ **1	MNW ₀ **2	
Opacious Body	OBNP _{1.5}	OBNP _{2.5}	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Body	NP1.5B	NP2.5B	NW₀B	NWo.5B	EW00B	EW ₀ B	EWB	EWYB	
Cervical	-	CV-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Enamel	E2 **3	E2	SilkyE2	SilkyE2	SilkyE ₁	SilkyE ₁	SilkyE2	SilkyE2	

T₁(LT₁)

ELT₂

ELT₁

- T₁(LT₁) \$1 To acquire shades of B₁,C₁,C₃,D₂ & EW, dilute B₂,C₂,C₄,D₃ & NWo with MDL. The diluting ratio is 1:1. \$2 To acquire shades of EWY, dilute MNWo with MDL at the ratio 2:1.
- *3 Mix Body with Cervical at the ratio of 2:1. *4 Mix Body with Cervical at the ratio of 1:1.

Translucent (Luster)



Layering Method	t												
	A1	A2	Аз	A3.5	A ₄	B ₁	B ₂	Вз	B4	C ₁	C2	Сз	C4
Shade Base Stain	SS A ₁	SS A ₂	SS A ₃	SS A _{3.5}	SS A ₄	SS B ₁	SS B ₂	SS B ₃	SS B ₄	SS C ₁	SS C2	SS C3	SS C4
Press Ingot	L A ₁	L A2	L Аз	L A3.5	L A4	L B ₁	L B2	L B ₃	L B4	L C ₁	L C2	L C3	L C4
Body	A ₁ B	A ₂ B	АзВ	A3.5B	A ₄ B	B ₁ B	B ₂ B	ВзВ	B ₄ B	C ₁ B	C ₂ B	СзВ	C ₄ B
Enamel	E ₂	E2	Ез	Ез	Ез	E ₁	E2	Ез	Ез	E2	Ез	Ез	Ез
Translucent					•	•	T1 (LT1)	•		•		•	•

	D2	Dз	D4	NWo	NWo.5	NP1.5	NP2.5
Shade Base Stain	SS D ₂	SS D ₃	SS D4	SS NWo	SS NW _{0.5}	SS NP _{1.5}	SS NP2.5
Press Ingot	L D2	L D ₃	L D4	L NWo	L NW _{0.5}	L NP1.5	L NP2.5
Body	D ₂ B	D ₃ B	D ₄ B	NW₀B	NW _{0.5} B	NP1.5B	NP2.5B
Enamel	E2	Ез	Ез	E ₁	E ₁	E2	E2
Translucent				T1(LT1)			

Staining Method													
	A1	A2	Аз	A3.5	A ₄	B ₁	B ₂	Вз	B4	C1	C2	Сз	C4
Shade Base Stain	SS A ₁	SS A ₂	SS A ₃	SS A _{3.5}	SS A ₄	SS B ₁	SS B ₂	SS B ₃	SS B ₄	SS C ₁	SS C2	SS C₃	SS C4
Press Ingot	H A ₁	H A2	Н Аз	H A3.5	H A4	H B ₁	H B2	Н Вз	H B4	H C ₁	H C2	Н Сз	H C4
External Stain	Α+	A+	Α+	A+	A+	B+	B+	B+	B+	C+	C+	C+	C+
Glaze Powder						CZR PRI	ESS Glaze	Powder					

	D2	Dз	D4	NP1.5	NP2.5	NWo	NW0.5				
Shade Base Stain	SS D2	SS D ₃	SS D4	SS NP1.5	SS NP2.5	SS NWo	SS NWo.5				
Press Ingot	H D2	H D ₃	H D4	H NP1.5	H NP _{2.5}	H NWo	H NW _{0.5}				
External Stain	D+	D+	D+	Α+	A+	B+	A+				
Glaze Powder	CZR PRESS Glaze Powder										

Staining Merhod (EW shades)										
	EWoo	EW₀	EW	EWY						
Shade Base Stain		SS White		SS B ₁						
Body/Press Ingot	EWoo	EWo	EW	EWY						
Enamel	Silk	y E1	Silk	y E2						
Luster Translucent	EL	T2	EL	.T1						
External Stain	- B+									
Glaze Powder	CZR PRESS Glaze Powder									

CERABIAN PRESS LF

LF Layering Me	LF Layering Method without framework												
	A1	A2	Аз	A3.5	A ₄	B ₁	B ₂	Вз	B4	C ₁	C2	Сз	C4
Ingot L	L A ₁	L A2	L A ₃	L A3.5	L A4	L B ₁	L B2	L B ₃	L B4	LC1	L C2	L C3	L C4
LF Enamel	LF E2	LF E2	LF E ₃	LF E ₃	LF E ₃	LF E ₁	LF E2	LF E ₃	LF E ₃	LF E2	LF E ₃	LF E ₃	LF E ₃
LF Translucent						L	FT1 / LFL	Γ1					

	D2	Dз	D4	NP1.5	NP2.5	NWo	NW0.5	EW00	EWo	EW	EWY
Ingot L	L D2	L D ₃	L D4	L NP1.5	L NP _{2.5}	L NWo	L NW _{0.5}	EWoo	EWo	EW	EWY
LF Enamel	LF E2	LF E ₃	LF E ₃	LF E2	LF E2	LF E1	LF E ₁	Silky E ₁	Silky E ₁	Silky E ₂	Silky E ₂
LF Translucent					L	FT1 / LFL1	Γ1				

Staining Method without a framework													
	A1	A ₂	Аз	A3.5	A 4	B ₁	B ₂	Вз	B4	C ₁	C2	Сз	C4
Ingot H	H A ₁	H A ₂	Н Аз	H A3.5	H A4	H B ₁	H B2	Н Вз	H B4	H C ₁	H C2	Н Сз	H C4
LF External Stain	A+	Α+	A+	A+	A+	B+	B+	B+	B+	C+	C+	C+	C+
Glaze Powder						L	FT1 / LFL7	Г1					

	D ₂	Dз	D4	NP1.5	NP2.5	NWo	NW0.5
Ingot H	H D ₂	H D ₃	H D4	H NP1.5	H NP2.5	H NWo	H NW _{0.5}
LF External Stain	D+	D+	D+	A+	A+	B+	A+
Glaze Powder LF Glaze							

Staining Merhod without framework (EW shades)									
	EWoo	EWo	EW	EWY					
Ingot H	EWoo	EWo	EW	EWY					
LF External Stain		-		B+					
Glaze Powder LF Glaze									

Pressing Parameters

Recommendation of "Pressing at low pressure" during CZR Pressing

The press furnace pressure for the pressable technique is usually set at 4 bar (0.4MPa) to 5 bar (0.5MPa). However, in the case of pressing of CZR PRESS ingots, this pressure is too high and often cause the following problems.

1 Cracks on the zirconia frameworks after pressing 2 Breaking on the investment ring after pressing

In order to avoid such problems, we would like you to tower the pressing pressure during CZR PRESS pressing. This is strongly recommended as well as the notes for the zirconia framework thickness and shape. Please adjust the pressing schedule referring to the following tables. As a general rule, longer pressing time is required at low pressure. Adjust the pressure regulator in the manufacture's Schedule.

CERABILA PRESS

EP500 (Ivoclar)

LI 300 (100	Ciai)						
Pressing in a 10	0g ring 2g $ imes$ 1 In	got Ring Size=v	vt.100g				
В	t 🕇	Т	Н	V1	V2	Pressure	N
700°C	60°C	1045°C	15min.	700°C	1045°C	4.5bar	_
1292°F	108°F	1913°F	15min.	1292°F	1913°F	4.5bar	_
Pressing in a 20	0g ring 2g×1 In	got / 2 Ingots R	ing Size=wt.200g				
В	t 🕇	Т	Н	V1	V2	Pressure	N
700°C	60°C	1065°C	20min.	700°C	1065°C	4.5bar	_
1292°F	108°F	1949°F	20min.	1292°F	1949°F	4.5bar	_
Pressing in a 30	0g ring 5g $ imes$ 1 In	got Ring Size=v	vt.300g				
В	t 🕇	Т	Н	V1	V2	Pressure	N
700°C	60°C	1075°C	30min.	700°C	1075°C	4.5bar	_
1292°F	108°F	1967°F	30min.	1292°F	1967°F	4.5bar	_

In case of EP500, set the pressure at 4.5 bar

EP600 (Ivoclar)

Pressing in a 10	0g ring 2g $ imes$ 1 In	got Ring Size=v	vt.100g	
В	t 🕇	T	Н	Е
700 ℃	60°C	1045 ℃	15min.	300μ m $/$ min.
1292°F	108°F	1913°F	15min.	300μ m/min.
Pressing in a 20	0g ring 2g $ imes$ 1 In	got / 2 Ingots R	ing Size=wt.200g	
В	t 🕇	T	Н	Е
700°C	60°C	1065°C	20min.	300μ m/min.
1292°F	108°F	1949°F	20min.	300μ m/min.
Pressing in a 30	0g ring 5g×1 In	got Ring Size=v	vt.300g	
В	t 🕇	Т	Н	Е
700°C	60°C	1075°C	30min.	150-300μm/min.
1292°F	108°F	1967°F	30min.	150-300μm/min.

In case of EP600, set the stopping speed at 300µm/min. and adjust the press cycle. The above pressing times are recommended only as our guide. Please find the best pressing times that suit your furnace depending upon the size and number of the patterns.

Multimat2 Touch & Press (Dentsply DeTrey)

Pressing in a 10	0g ring 2g $ imes$ 1 In	got Ring Size=v	vt.100g			
Start temp.	Vacuum Level	Heat Rate	Press Temp.	Hold Time	Press Time	Pressure
700°C	50HPa	60°C∕min.	1045°C	15min.	4min.	2.7bar
1292°F	50HPa	108°F/min.	1913°F	15min.	4min.	2.7bar
Pressing in a 20	0g ring 2g×1 Ir	ngot Ring Size=	wt.200g			
Start temp.	Vacuum Level	Heat Rate	Press Temp.	Hold Time	Press Time	Pressure
700°C	50HPa	60°C∕min.	1065°C	20min.	5min.	2.7bar
1292°F	50HPa	108°F/min.	1949°F	20min.	5min.	2.7bar
Pressing in a 20	0g ring 2g $ imes$ 2 In	gots Ring Size=	-wt.200g			
Start temp.	Vacuum Level	Heat Rate	Press Temp.	Hold Time	Press Time	Pressure
700°C	50HPa	60°C∕min.	1065°C	20min.	6min.	2.7bar
1292°F	50HPa	108°F/min.	1949°F	20min.	6min.	2.7bar

Please check the latest parameters in our up-dated web-site at :

http://www.noroitake.co.jp/dental

Pro-Press100 (Whip Mix Intra Tech)

Pressing in a 10	00g ring 2g×1 li	ngot Ring Size=	:wt.100g				
Entry temp.	Vacuum Level	Heat Rate	Final Temp.	Hold Time	Press Time(Note)	Cool Time	Pressure
700°C	Full	60°C / min.	1045°C	15min.	4min.	0.2min.	3.5bar
1292°F	Full	108°F/min.	1913°F	15min.	4min.	0.2min.	3.5bar

Note In case Special Function Button has been selected, enter "0min." for Re-Press time.

Pressing in a 20	Pressing in a 200g ring 2g×1 Ingot Ring Size= wt.200g										
Entry temp.	Vacuum Level	Heat Rate	Final Temp.	Hold Time	Press Time(Note)	Cool Time	Pressure				
700°C	Full	60°C∕min.	1065°C	20min.	6min.	0.2min.	3.5bar				
1292°F	Full	108°F/min.	1949°F	20min.	6min.	0.2min.	3.5bar				

Note In case Special Function Button has been selected, enter "2min." for Re-Press time

Pressing in a 20	Pressing in a 200g ring $2g imes 2$ Ingots Ring Size=wt.200g										
Entry temp.	Vacuum Level	Heat Rate	Final Temp.	Hold Time	Press Time(Note)	Cool Time	Pressure				
700°C	Full	60°C ∕ min.	1065°C	20min.	8min.	0.2min.	3.5bar				
1292°F	Full	108°F/min.	1949°F	20min.	8min.	0.2min.	3.5bar				

Note In case Special Function Button has been selected, enter "4min." for Re-Press time.

The above pressing times are recommended only as our guide. Please find the best pressing times that suit your furnace depending upon the size and number of the patterns.

Ceram Press Qex (Dentsply NeyTech)

Pressing in a 10	00g ring 2 g $ imes$ 1 l	ngot Ring Size:	=wt.100g			
Start temp.	Heat Rate	Vacuum	Press Temp.	Hold	Press	Pressure
700°C	60°C/min.	ON	1045°C	15min.	8min.	3.5bar
1292°F	108°F/min.	ON	1913°F	15min.	8min.	3.5bar
Pressing in a 20	00g ring 2g×1 l	ngott Ring Size	= wt.200g			
Start temp.	Heat Rate	Vacuum	Press Temp.	Hold	Press	Pressure
700°C	60°C/min.	ON	1065°C	20min.	11min.	3.5bar
1292°F	108°F/min.	ON	1949°F	20min.	11min.	3.5bar
Pressing in a 20	00g ring 2g $ imes$ 2 l	ngotst Ring Siz	e=wt.200g			
Start temp.	Heat Rate	Vacuum	Press Temp.	Hold	Press	Pressure
700°C	60°C/min.	ON	1065°C	20min.	14min.	3.5bar
1292°F	108°F/min.	ON	1949°F	20min.	14min.	3.5bar

Auto Press Plus (Pentron Lab)

Pressing in a 20	00g ring 2g $ imes$ 1 l	ngot Ring Size=	: wt.100g			
T1	T2	Rate	H1	H2	Vacuum	Pressure
700°C	1045°C	60°C/min.	15min.	6min.	Max Vac.	3.5bar
1292°F	1913°F	108°F/min.	15min.	6min.	Max Vac.	3.5bar

ressing in a 20	00g ring 2g $ imes$ 1 lı	ngott Ring Size:	=wt.200g			
T1	T2	Rate	H1	H2	Vacuum	Pressure
700°C	1065°C	60°C/min.	20min.	7min.	Max Vac.	3.5bar
1292°F	1949°F	108°F/min.	20min.	7min.	Max Vac.	3.5bar

Pressing in a 200g ring 2g×2 Ingots Ring Size=wt.200g								
T1	T2	Rate	H1	H2	Vacuum	Pressure		
700°C	1065°C	60°C/min.	20min.	8min.	Max Vac.	3.5bar		
1292°F	1949°F	108°F/min.	20min.	8min.	Max Vac.	3.5bar		

The above pressing times are recommended only as our guide. Please find the best pressing times that suit your furnac depending upon the size and number of the patterns.

Note For the pressing at low pressure, we have tested many times and decided the pressing schedule. But, please note that the pressing at lower pressure Is recommended.



V.I.P. UNIVERSAL X-PRESS (Jelrus)

Pressing in a 100g ring 2g×1 Ingot Ring Size=wt.100g										
Predry Time	Low Temp	Vac.Level	Start Vac.	Heat Rate	Press Temp	Hold Time	Press Time	Repress Time	Cool Time	Pressure
0min	700°C	71	700°C	60°C	1045°C	15min.	4min.	0min.	0min.	3.5bar
0min	1292°F	71	1292°F	108°F	1913°F	15min.	4min.	0min.	0min.	3.5bar
Pressing in	Pressing in a 200g ring 2g×1 Ingot Ring Size=wt.200g									
Predry Time	Low Temp	Vac.Level	Start Vac.	Heat Rate	Press Temp	Hold Time	Press Time	Repress Time	Cool Time	Pressure
0min	700°C	71	700°C	60°C	1065°C	20min.	7min.	0min.	0min.	3.5bar
0min	1292°F	71	1292°F	108°F	1949°F	20min.	7min.	0min.	0min.	3.5bar
Pressing in a 200g ring 2g×2 Ingots Ring Size=wt.200g										
Pressing in	a 200g ring	2g×2 Ingot	s Ring Size	e=wt.200g						
Pressing in Predry Time	<u>_</u>		s Ring Size Start Vac.		Press Temp	Hold Time	Press Time	Repress Time	Cool Time	Pressure
	<u>_</u>				Press Temp 1065°C	Hold Time 20min.	Press Time 10min.	Repress Time Omin.	Cool Time Omin.	Pressure 3.5bar
Predry Time	Low Temp	Vac.Level	Start Vac.	Heat Rate						
Predry Time Omin	Low Temp 700°C 1292°F	Vac.Level	Start Vac. 700°C 1292°F	Heat Rate 60°C 108°F	1065°C	20min.	10min.	0min.	0min.	3.5bar
Predry Time Omin Omin	Low Temp 700°C 1292°F a 300g ring	Vac.Level 71 71 5g×1 Ingot	Start Vac. 700°C 1292°F	Heat Rate 60°C 108°F =wt.300g	1065°C	20min. 20min.	10min. 10min.	0min.	Omin. Omin.	3.5bar
Predry Time Omin Omin Pressing in	Low Temp 700°C 1292°F a 300g ring	Vac.Level 71 71 5g×1 Ingot	Start Vac. 700°C 1292°F Ring Sizes	Heat Rate 60°C 108°F =wt.300g	1065°C 1949°F	20min. 20min.	10min. 10min.	Omin. Omin.	Omin. Omin.	3.5bar 3.5bar

AUSTROMAT 3001 press-i-dent (DEKEMA)

COSTITIONIAT SOUT PIESS-I-GETT (DEREMA)														
Pressing in a 100g ring	g 2g	×1 Ingo	t / 2 In	gots Ring Size	=wt.100g									
	L9	C700	V9	T060·C1045	T900	L94	T480	L9	VO	C0	L6	T5		
Pressing in a 200g ring	g 2g	×1 Ingo	t / 2 ln	gots Ring Size	=wt.200g									
	L9	C700	V9	T060·C1065	T1200	L97	T900	L9	VO	C0	L6	T5		
Pressing in a 380g ring 2g×1 Ingot / 2 Ingots Ring Size=wt.380g														
	L9	C700	V9	T060·C1065	T2400	L99	T1680	L9	VO	C0	L6	T5		

Precautions for Handling — CZR

- ①This porcelain is for zirconia frameworks.
- ②To avoid heat-shock of the framework, when grinding the framework, do not use excessive pressure or speed.
- ③Follow the manufacturer's instructions for handling the zirconia framework.
- ④Do not mix with any other porcelain, including another Noritake Porcelain or another manufacturers' porcelain.
- (§) Before applying the wash-bake of Shade Base, steam clean the framework.
- ⑥Use Cerabien Forming Liquid, Meister Liquid or distilled water with CZR powder.
- To adequate bond strength as well as to achieve proper value, it is necessary that the 1st layer of Shade Base is a wash-bake layer.
- ®CZR is baked properly when the surface has a slight luster after baking. Please adjust your furnace to achieve this result.
- (®)Do not use metal baking pegs. The metal may stain the inside of the framework. The peg must be clean: leftover porcelain may fuse to the inside of the framework.
- (1) Keep all liquids in a dry and cool place, avoiding direct sunlight.

Read the instructions carefully, keep them in a safe place for future reference.

Precautions for Handling — CZR PRESS

Press Ceramic and Stain

- ①The only method for fabricating a single anterior crown and inlay or onlay without a zirconia framework is by the "Staining Technique" or "LF Layering Technique". CZR PRESS is not indicated for bridges without a zirconia framework.
- ②Use only CZR External Stain (ES) and CZR PRESS Glaze Powder for staining technique.
- ③If a CZR PRESS restoration is made without a zirconia framework and then layered with normal CZR Porcelain, the crown will deform. Please use CZR PRESS LF in this case.
- ④CZR Porcelain and CZR PRESS LF is precisely matched to CZR PRESS. Do not use other manufacturers' zirconia porcelains, metal porcelains and alumina porcelains.
- §CZR PRESS cannot be used on alumina frameworks and metal frameworks.
- (6)Do not use other manufacturers' Shade Base Stain.
- ⑦Due to lower baking temperature, CZR Shade Base Porcelain must not be used for CZR PRESS. CZR PRESS Shade Base Stain must be used for CZR PRESS restorations.
- ®To prevent contamination from foreign materials in the pressed ceramic, always use new wax which does not contain impurities and burns-out without leaving ash and other residues. Be sure that the framework surface is clean before wax-up.
- ®Never use hydrofluoric acid when it becomes necessary to remove the pressed ceramic from the zirconia framework. The acid will melt the zirconia framework and its strength will be reduced.
- (1) If the pressed ceramic needs to be removed after pressing over

- a zirconia framework, re-use of the zirconia framework should be limited to two times.
- ②Secure more than 0.4mm thickness in all parts of the zirconia framework If the thickness is less than 0.4mm in any parts, there is a greater chance of cracks that will grow longer and wider. Secure at least more than 0.4mm thickness evenly with a rounded shoulder in frame margin area. (Refer to the illustration) Knife-edge design toward the margin end is not acceptable as the thickness will gradually be less than 0.4mm. The frame margin line should be finished very smoothly. Do not give the margin line serration-finish.
- (3) Carefully grind the zirconia framework to use grinding burs/discs with minute diamond particles. Noritake Meister Points SC-51 and SD-61 are ideal. Grinding by tools with rough particles will produce sharp scratches on the surface of the zirconia framework and eventually cause cracks to the framework. Excessive pressure during grinding may also cause cracks due to heat generation. Cooling with water is necessary to avoid heat generation during grinding.
- (4) From the characteristic of zirconia, even a very minute crack in the zirconia framework may be a cause for more cracks that grow bigger and wider after pressing. And then, the framework strength wil greatly lowered. Naturally, it does not have the strength that can be fit in the mouth. If even a crack can be found, never use the cracked framework.
- (§) Improper furnace parameters for the pressing cycle may lead to the problems such as an incomplete pressing, a split investment ring, movement and absorption of the Shade Base Stain into the pressed ceramic, porosity, brittleness and value or shade changes. Every manufacturer's press furnace is slightly different: therefore, observe the most appropriate heat-pressing schedule with your press furnace. If excessive pressing time or pressure is maintained too long even after the ceramic is pressed into the cavity, the zirconia framework may crack.
- (®On occasion, when tooth reduction is inadequate, less than ideal space is available for pressable thickness over the zirconia framework: consequently, the space created for pressable material is constricted and this in turn, creates resistance against the flow of ingot material. Due to this circumstance, the Shade Base Stain may be carried away into the flow of pressed ceramic. Special care should be taken when waxing to provide adequate space for the subsequent flow of ingot material.
- The best thickness at the margin area of the CZR PRESS ceramic, not including the thickness of the zirconia framework, is less than 1.0 mm. If it is thicker than 1.0mm, there may be deformation at the margin area after baking of the CZR Porcelain.
- ®To prevent flash on the pressings, be sure to observe the above mentioned instructions during spruing and investing.
- ®Noritake Plungers must be used for CZR PRESS technique. Never use other manufacturer's plungers.
- @Be sure to use dual-cured, not light cured adhesive resin cement for a crown or inlay without a zirconia framework. This adhesive resin cement is also recommended for a crown with a zirconia framework.

Investment

Spruing

①The distance from the top of the wax pattern to the top of the ring should be at least 10mm, and the distance from the wax pattern to the inside wall of the ring should be at least 8mm.

- ②Always use the new wax which does not contain impurites. Be sure that the framework surface is clean before wax-up.
- ③Always keep the sprue former very clean to avoid mixing any dust particles into pressings.

Mixing

- ①Referring to manufacturer's instructions, prepare for press investment. Then, mix the investment mechanically for 1 minute under vacuum and fill the investment in the ring without producing any bubbles.
- ②The physical properties of phosphate-bonded investment change according to the temperature of the materials and equipment used in investing: therefore, maintain a constant temperature of approximately 23°C(73°F) for the powder, liquid, water and the mixing bowl.
- ③Use only distilled water for dilution of "special liquid", but do not dilute more than specified.
- ①Use a separate mixing bowl for mixing phosphate- bonded investment. Never use the same mixing bowl for the gypsum-bonded investment or gypsum stone.
- ⑤Properly dispose of the excess investment material. Always use a plaster trap.

Baking

- ①After investing, leave the ring to bench-set(undisturbed) at room temperature for at least 30 min, then place it into the center of the burn-out furnace at 850°C (1562°F).
- ②If the ring is left more than 12 hours after investing, soak it in water for 3-5 minutes, then place it into a preheated furnace at 850°C (1562°F).
- ③Burn-out of the investment ring needs to be done at sufficient oven temperature in order to prevent insufficient wax elimination and to burn-out the remaining ammonia gases from the investment ring.
- 4)Do not proceed with the pressing process if cracks appear in the ring after burning-out.

Divesting

Divesting must be carefully carried out to avoid any breaking the pressed ceramic.

Storage

- ①Keep in a dry, cool place.
- ②After opening the investment package, reseal the package tightly as the investment easily absorbs moisture. Never store investment in plastic bags or containers.
- ③To prevent the special liquid from being frozen, never store liquid at temperatures below 0°C(32°F). Do not use frozen(and then thawed) liquid.
- Press Investment may be stored until the expiration date if the package has never been opened. Always use before the expiration date. Once the package has been opened, use the investment immediately.

Precautions for Handling — CZR PRESS LF

Porcelain

①The only restorations that can be made by CZR PRESS ingot and LF Porcelain without using a zirconia framework are an anterior single crown, a porcelain laminate veneer, an inlay and an onlay. Do not make a bridge without a zirconia framework.

- ②Do not use CZR PRESS LF for the clinical cases where the thickness of the pressed ceramic cannot be more than 0.8mm, cross bite and attrition of the tooth. The restoration receives unexceptionally strong pressure.
- ③In order to avoid chipping, the best thickness at the margin area of the framework should be more than 1.0mm.
- ④Be sure to read this technical instructions from wax-up to divesting and Sprue-cutting and follow the instructions.
- (5) As to the investment powder/liquid ratio, refer to the baking schedule of manufacturer's Instructions.
- (6) For inserting CZR PRESS ingot, Noritake Disposable Plunger is recommended as it has a perfect matching CTE.
- ⑦Carefully grind the pressed ceramic not to produce cracks and chipping
- ® Do not mix with other porcelain, including other Noritake Porcelain or other manufacturer's porcelain.
- (9) When without a zirconia framework, CZR Enamel, Translucent and Luster Porcelain cannot be used on the CZR pressed ceramic. Use CZR PRESS LF Porcelain only.
- @Use only Noritake LF Liquid or distilled water.
- ①CZR PRESS LF is baked properly when the surface has a slight luster after baking. Please adjust your furnace to achieve this result
- ②CZR PRESS LF is a low fusing porcelain. In case any fiber such as tissue paper remains after baking, it should be removed.
- (3)For porcelain separation, please use Noritake Magic Separator that can be used for low fusing porcelain.
- ⑤Do not use metal baking pegs. The metal may stain the inside of the framework. The pegs must be clean. Leftover porcelain may fuse to the inside of the framework.
- (6) Keep all liquids in a dry cool place, avoiding direct sunlight.
- 17) Be sure to use adhesive resin cement for bonding.

Resin Cement Examples

Product Name	Manufacturer
Panavia F2.0	Kuraray
Panavia 21	Kuraray
Relyx Unicem	3M

Stain

- ①Be sure to use CZR PRESS LF Internal Stain (IS) or External Stain (ES) for staining and glazing powder. Other stains cannot be used
- There is a risk of blackening when using the stain liquid of other manufacturers. It is very important to use IS Liquid or ES Liquid exclusively.
- ③CZR PRESS LF IS is made exclusively for internal staining.
- 4IS Liquid should not be mixed with water, use as is without diluting.
- (§) After mixing Internal Stain with IS Liquid on the palette, avoid letting it sit for a long time and avoid making repeated additions to the original mixture. Using stain from which too much moisture has evaporated will result in bubbles.
- ⑥If different colored stains are applied over on the same area without baking between applications, they may blend unpredictably. To avoid this, divide the staining process into two parts and bake between applications.
- ⑦IS Liquid contains ingredients that dissolve some plastics. Please handle with extreme caution in the presence of plastic materials.

Notes on Safety — CZR

- ①When grinding porcelain use an approved dust mask and a vacuum air filter to protect the lungs from breathing dust.
- ②When grinding porcelain, wear safety glasses.
- (3) It is non-edible. Keep it out of the reach of children
- ④Avoid eye contact with all Liquids. In the event of eye contact, immediately rinse with a copious amount of water and consult a physician.
- ⑤Do not touch items heated by the furnace with your bare hands.
- ⑥Keep IS Liquid and ES Liquid away from flames and high temperatures. They are flammable.
- This porcelain is for dental use only. Do not use for other purposes.
- ®For use only by dentists and dental technicians.

All Noritake products mentioned in this manual except KATANA Noritake Magic Set, Forming Liquid, Noritake Meister Liquid and Noritake Meister Point are part of the CZR system and are covered by its registered trademark.

Notes on Safety — CZR PRESS & CZR PRESS LF

①Work in a well-ventilated room during firing porcelain.

- ②LF Porcelain contains Silica. Avoid inhaling the dust. Use a dust collector and an approved dust mask. Over exposures may cause delayed lung injury.
- ③Avoid exposure to eyes. Wear the goggles for eye protection during cutting or polishing works. In case of contact with eyes, flush eyes with copious amounts of water and consult an eye-doctor.
- ④Avoid eye contact with Noritake LF Liquids. In case of contact
 with eyes, flush eyes with copious amounts of water and consult
 an eye-doctor.
- ⑤Do not touch items heated by the furnace with your bare hand.
- ⑥Noritake IS Liquid away from flames and high temperatures. They are flammable.
- ②Some people are sensitive to skin contact. Wear rubber gloves to protect your skin.
- ®Avoid ingesting. Keep out of the reach of children.
- (9)This material is for dental application only. Do not use for any purpose not specified in the instruction manual.

■SYMBOLS USED IN A LABEL

SYMBOL	MEANING	SYMBOL	MEANING				
<u></u>	MANUFACTURER	LOT	BATCH CODE				
\subseteq	USE BY	REF	CATALOGUE NUMBER				
<u> </u>	CONSULT INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE						
EC REP	AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVE IN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY						

- Contraindications
- If the patient is hypersensitive to Dental Porcelain or any of the other components, this medical product should not be used. Or it should be only used under the strict supervision of the patient's doctor/dentist.
- · EU Authorized Representative

Name : Kuraray Europe GmbH Address : Phillipp-Reis-Str.4 65795 Hattersheim am Main, Germany